

THE WHIG STANDARD.



"Flag of the free! thy folds shall fly,
The sign of hope and triumph high."

FOR PRESIDENT,
HENRY CLAY,
OF KENTUCKY.

WASHINGTON.

FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 17, 1843.

TEXAS.

It is said that the Government at Washington has received information which goes to sustain the serious charges recently made against Governor Houston of Texas. If this be so, the fact, we presume, will not be long withheld.—*Baltimore American.*

When the report first reached us, by way of New Orleans, that Houston was in secret league with British emissaries to convert Texas into an English Colony, or, at any rate, to make such arrangements as would render Texas as entirely subservient to England as Portugal is, we were inclined to disregard it. That something has occurred, however, to make the question of the future condition of Texas one of peculiar interest to this country is evident. The leading article in the *Madisonian* of yesterday (which is probably furnished by one of the Cabinet) is taken up with this subject. This article is designed, apparently, to pave the way for others upon the same subject, and, as straws show how the wind blows, may help to confirm the report, authoritatively denied by the *Madisonian*, of Cabinet dissensions.

We have little doubt that one of the recommendations in Mr. Tyler's next message will be in favor of the annexation of Texas to the United States.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.

Having received no mail north of Baltimore, to-day, we cannot give the result in Massachusetts. The Collins & Bell Governor Morton has certainly been dismissed, but Mr. BRIGGS will owe his final election to the Legislature.

COL. R. M. JOHNSON.

We have been reminded by a friend of the Hon. R. M. JOHNSON of our remissness in not noticing the arrival of that distinguished gentleman in this city. We correct this error now, and take the occasion to call attention to Col. Johnson's opinion of Mr. Clay, which we find in the *Richmond Whig*, and have copied in another part of this paper.

Fustian.—If a prize were to be given for the best specimen of bombast, one column in length, it would certainly be carried off by a writer in the *Madisonian*, who addresses his letter to the editor of the *Globe*, and signs himself "Mifflin." It is a beautiful composition in its line, throwing Phillips, Curran, and Bob Tyler, all in the shade.

COMFORT FOR PLACE-HUNTERS.

In conversation with a gentleman, who occasionally visits at the White House, we learnt from him that Mr. Tyler had pretty much abandoned all idea of being a candidate for a second term, and had determined to devote the rest of his time to the service of his friends. These, to be sure, are not numerous; but there are some poor fellows so hard pushed for a livelihood as to be compelled, as the French proverb has it, "tirer le diable par la queue"—to pull the devil by the tail. To such, this announcement will afford a crumb of comfort; and we will add, (advice gratis) that the best way will be to go straight to the Captain—pour your troubles into his heart, and sympathize with him in turn. Avoid the Secretaries; most of these are new men, and have a host of nephews and cousins still unprovided for; but the Captain has got all his folks fixed. Above all, keep clear of the boys, Bob and John; they have pestered Pa and the Secretaries so much with letters in behalf of their numerous toadies, that they have become complete nuisances. Stick to the Captain!

District Code of Laws.—Look at the system of laws which now prevails in the District. We are still under the obsolete statutes of Virginia and Maryland, which prevailed a hundred years ago, but have since been repealed in those States. At this moment, there are in our jail two negro boys liable to sentence of death, for a petty robbery of a pair of boots, or something of that description.

Judge Cranch was indeed appointed some years since to compile a code of laws for the District; and he executed his task in a manner worthy of itself to carry his name to posterity. If adopted, it would have swept away much of the rubbish of the books, and established an unequalled system of local law. Indeed, for modern improvements, simplicity, and good sense, it is approached only by the celebrated "Ordinance," much more general in its character, composed by Nathan Dane, of Massachusetts, in 1787, for the government of the Northwestern Territory.

But Congress has not found time to examine Judge Cranch's code.—*Capitol.*

CABINET TROUBLES.

We have not noticed the rumors of dissensions in the Cabinet, because we do not believe them to exist any more at this time than usual. Doubtless there are always dissensions in the Cabinet, and in the nature of things it cannot be otherwise. If General Jackson, with all his strict ideas of military discipline, and determination firm enough to carry them out, still found it so difficult to draw about him a "unit Cabinet," how can we expect that Mr. Tyler, the weak and vacillating President, will be successful in this matter, especially when it is considered that, from his peculiar position, he has been compelled to solicit men of second-rate reputation to join his council? The thing is absurd upon its face.

Georgia.—The official returns of the votes cast for Governor at the late election in Georgia exhibit the following result: For Mr. Crawford 38,713, for Mr. Cooper 35,325—showing the Whig majority on the Governor's ticket to be 3,385 votes.

At the municipal election which was held in Mobile on the 6th instant, Charles A. Hoppin (Whig) was re-elected mayor by a majority of 552 votes over the united votes of both his competitors. The Whigs also elected a large majority of the city councilmen.

The *Trenton State Gazette* says: "We understand that the Millerites in this neighborhood believe that the great conflagration has commenced at Rome, and that the next arrival will bring the news. It was expected by the Britannia, but did not come. Brother Leitch, while here, expressed his belief that Rome was on fire."

Van Buren and Clay.—The *Savannah Republican* has the following observation:

We are struck with one thing in the course of these distinguished citizens before the public. Van Buren succeeded General Jackson in a splendid career of popularity, and, during the whole canvass succeeding, there was nothing heard but hurrah for Jackson! Clay succeeded General Harrison in a still more brilliant and popular career, and yet no one hears of hurrahs for General Harrison in order to raise a Clay meeting. "It is old Harry himself," and "gallant old Harry," and the like. He has a popularity of his own, and no one thinks of foisting him into the Presidency upon the popularity of another.

The *Richmond Enquirer* thus discourseth with regard to *awakened senses*:

"Let the elections in Tennessee, Georgia, North Carolina, Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, stun us into our senses."

Clever Ritchie! we greet ye. A return of sound sense, after the long hallucination our veteran contemporary has been afflicted with, must be truly grateful to every lover of his country and well-wisher for the welfare of our cherished institutions. We trust to find our brothers of the press unanimous in giving our "ancient father" a hearty welcome back to the right side, after the many hard fought fights in which he has done battle on the side of disorder and misrule. The idea, though, of a person being stunned into his senses is truly original.—*N. O. Tropic.*

And why is it that this Henry Clay is thus impudently brought forward, when the people have so often found him wanting?—*Register.*

This is cool, very. Perhaps the Whigs will reconsider and change their purposes in this respect. If the Loco-focos think it impudent in Mr. Clay's friends to bring him forward—if it hurts their feelings—and this is found to be pretty extensive among them—the Whigs should certainly be considerate and tender of human infirmities, especially of the twinges of a party so sensitive as the Loco-focos, who are thrown into a mortal horror on hearing the name of Henry Clay. "Why is it?" asks the *Register* man. We know of but one answer—brief and comprehensive—the people demand it. They see in him a man who, for the last thirty years, has more thoroughly identified himself with every great and useful public measure than any other man in the nation—who has ever been a champion of the nation's best interests—a noble, gallant, and trusty guardian of her honor—a statesman whose heart is enlisted in the ascendancy of a system of measures which shall make our nation mighty and prosperous. They think him a friend of his own country and his own countrymen, not a parasite of some aspiring foreign dominion, who would compass sea and land to cripple our enemies abroad, and send swarms of starving population hither to eat out our substance at home. He is "brought forward" from among the people by the people, because he is of the people, and has a stronger hold of the affections of the people than any other living man. But who are these who are so sneeringly inquiring why Mr. Clay is brought forward? Why, the organs of a guilty political mountebank—the organs who are blustering for the restoration of a man who three years since was condemned to political death—who are endeavoring to conjure up a fictitious popularity from among the bones of as corrupt a horde of officeholders as ever disgraced the seas of power in a free government. "Impudently!" When such men whine about impudence, words have come to a strange meaning.—*Hartford Courant.*

Messrs. Williams and Hoxley, commissioners from the Texan Government, arrived in Matamoros on the 18th ultimo, to treat with General Woll on the terms of the armistice existing between Mexico and Texas. We learn from a correspondent at Matamoros, that Gen. Woll, who was at Sabinas (150 miles from Matamoros) had appointed Colonels Yhare and Montero to confer and arrange articles with the Texan representatives.

Our correspondent confirms the report, heretofore received, that H. B. M. Charge d'Affairs at Mexico, (Mr. Doyle) had caused to be intimated to the Mexican Government that his diplomatic intercourse had ceased. This occurred on the 27th of September.—*N. O. Bulletin.*

The great copper rock has arrived at Albany, on its way to Washington, where it is to be deposited in the mineralogical cabinet. It is regarded as a great curiosity, being the largest mass of native copper known in the world.

From the South Carolinian. A DOUBTFUL STORY—ANOTHER SHOW-ER OF FLESH AND BLOOD.

Mr. Editor: I suppose it will be remembered by most newspaper readers that in the year 1841 accounts were published of two showers of flesh and blood—one in Tennessee and the other in Massachusetts. I am now about to relate a similar circumstance, which lately occurred in our own State. Mr. William M. Inlow, a gentleman of undoubted veracity, related it to me as follows: On Saturday last, while he and his two sons were picking cotton on his plantation, in Laurens district, near Enoree river, and about two miles below Musgrove's Mill, the younger son called to the others, who were a little distance from him, to listen, for he heard something falling near him. They thought he was mistaken, and paid but little attention to it; but he insisted, and told them if they would come, he could show it to them on the ground. They went, and found the ground strewn with what appeared to them to be pieces of meat, varying from the size of an ounce ball to larger than a hen's egg. These pieces were very moist, and as red as blood could make them, and the grass, cotton, or whatever they came in contact with, was stained as with blood. They were scattered several feet apart, over a space of ground some twenty or thirty yards in width, and they examined it for something like fifty yards in length, but did not go to the end of it.

I was informed of it yesterday, and went in company with two gentlemen to visit the place in person. We were so lucky as to find some of the article still remaining, and all agreed that it had the appearance of flesh, of the finest mould, much finer than we had ever seen before. Some of the pieces seemed to be entirely fat, but most of it lean, very red, and somewhat transparent when held up toward the light, but it was considerably dried when I saw it, having lain twenty-four hours.

The younger William Inlow, a very intelligent and credible youth of fourteen, says he first heard a few scattering pieces fall, and looking up, saw the air darkened with them, and that it looked something like snow falling slowly, when the flakes are far apart, but that the pieces fell more rapidly. The shower fell about the middle of the day, while the sun was shining, and a few light clouds were in the atmosphere; but nothing visible could be assigned as a cause for the phenomenon.

Various opinions and conjectures exist here about the matter. Some consider it a natural occurrence, while others view it as a sign from Heaven. For my own part, I am not a Millerite, or '43 man, as they are sometimes called, and therefore cannot persuade myself to believe it is sent as a sign that the world will be burned up this year, and I have heard no natural cause assigned for it that appears at all reasonable. So, having stated the circumstances as they exist, I leave each one to form his own conclusions. L. M. DAVIS.

Union District, S. C., Oct. 30, 1843.

The Presbyterians of Canada.—Great dissatisfaction exists among a portion of the Presbyterians in Canada in consequence of a bill recently introduced into the Provincial Parliament for the "management of the Presbyterian Church," in connexion with the "Church of Scotland." It is well known that the "Church of Scotland" is divided into two parties: one assuming the title of the "Free Church," and disconnected with the State, in consequence of its interference in ecclesiastical affairs, and the other retaining its ancient title. The effect of the bill would be to vest all the church property in the "Church of Scotland," while a majority of the Presbyterians in Canada favor the "Free Church," and wish to remain entirely disconnected with the Government.—*Balt. Pat.*

The coming winter.—The Cincinnati Chronicle says: If signs prove true, the coming winter will not be near as cold as the last was, especially at the north. The deep and frequent snows in the latitude of 42° and above, the past month, certainly does not auger very favorable for a mild winter; but we take the summer, rather than the fall weather for our guide; and it is our intention, the ensuing season, to see whether it corresponds with our previous observations, which would make it neither a very cold or a very mild one.

A number of Sisters of Charity, from the parent institution at Emmitsburg, passed through Frederick on Tuesday last, on their way to attend the sick in the hospital in New Orleans.

"Mr. Clay withdrawn."—A few months ago, a paragraph with this caption, went the rounds of all the Loco-foco papers in the Union. What has become of it? If it was true, why all this note of preparation—this mighty organization of society, to oppose "Henry Clay and his myrmidons?" (as the decency and dignity sheet calls the Whigs.) Hope the inquiry is not troublesome!—*Richmond Whig.*

CIGAR, TOBACCO, AND SNUFF DEPOT.—700,000 Cigars of various brands—50 kegs of prime Cheating Tobacco.—The undersigned would respectfully invite attention to his large and extensive assortment of Superior Cigars and Cheating Tobacco. The following are some of the choice brands of foreign importation, warranted genuine—

CIGARS.
Flora regalia, 1-4 boxes
Britannia, 1-10 boxes
Faixhan, 1-10 and 1-20 boxes
Plantation, 1-10 boxes
Leeshore, or Lavuelta; La Norma
Cazadores, 1-4 and 1-8 boxes; La Caroline
Canones; Constantia; Nonpareil; Imperial
Principe Perez, 1-8 boxes; Rendon Principe
Ladies' Havana, 1-10 boxes
East India Cheroots; Castello or rifle.

SUPERIOR CHEWING TOBACCO.
James' gold leaf; Magnolia brand
Allen's honey dew; Robinson's honey dew
Bridges' natural leaf; Halsey's gold chop
Pochontas brand; Oronoko natural
Hare's sun cured; Ward's Capitol brand
Elliott's sweet; Hamett's 5 to pound;
Murrell's 5 to pound; Dumas' 5 to pound
Small plug, various qualities
Snuffs of every description
Pipes, smoking tobacco, &c.

In fact, I have every thing in my line to please the taste of the most fastidious, all of which I will dispose of 10 per cent. cheaper than any other wholesale house in the District.

Grocers, hotel keepers, and others, would do well to give me a call, as I am determined to sell as cheap as any in the Eastern cities.

N. B. All goods sold, if not as represented, will be exchanged, or the money returned.

W. H. WINTER.
No. 6, east of Gadsby's, sign of Jim Crow.
nov 6—3m

LOCAL NEWS.

Books and Periodicals.—We are indebted to the attention of Mr. Brooke, Periodical Agent, for several recent publications: *Travels of Capt. Marryatt in South America*. *Etiquette of Courtship and Marriage*. *Abernethy's Family Physician*.

Concert.—The farewell concert of Mr. Wallace and Mrs. Bailey takes place to-night at Carusi's. We have heard their performances highly praised by competent judges.

Virginia Minstrels Again.—The National Theatre was last evening honored by the attendance of the elite of the city, to listen to the excellent songs of the "Ethiopian" minstrels. Among the great number present we noticed Robert Tyler, Esq., and family, General Almonte, the Mexican minister, and suite, and several heads of departments. This evening the President of the United States, and the Hon. Richard M. Johnson, ex-Vice President, will visit the theatre by invitation. We can promise them and all others a rich treat in the songs of Mr. Jenkins *a la Russell*. His yankee stories are of the best kind, and are told in the best manner. But go and see for yourselves, dear readers, don't take our word.

MARRIAGE.

In Georgetown, on Tuesday evening, the 7th instant, by the Rev. LITTLETON F. MORGAN, HENRY L. CARLTON, Esq., of Prince George's county, Maryland, to Miss ANN W. CLARK, of the former place.

DEATH.

On Monday, the 13th instant, in Baltimore county, Mr. JOHN MILLEMAN, in the 69th year of his age.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF GEORGETOWN.

ARRIVED.

November 17.

Schooner School Boy, Jones, from Fredericksburg, Va. Wheat to Thomas J. Davis.

Schooner Mary, Fretfether, New York, to Messrs. Pickrells, with merchandise for sundry persons.

Schr. John Emory, Wood, Baltimore, to Messrs. Pickrells, with merchandise for sundry persons.

Schooner John Bell, Jenkins, from New York, to the Messrs. Pickrells, with freight for sundry persons.

Schooner Margaret Ann, Jones, Salisbury, with lumber to Joseph Libby.

CLEARED.

November 16.

Brig James Drummond, Young, for Kingston, Jamaica, with cargo of various produce, shipped by G. Smith.

Brig Martha Kinsman, Denison, for the same port, with flour, shipped by C. Smith.

THE FREEMEN'S VIGILANT TOTAL ABSTINENCE SOCIETY will meet at the Medical College on this (Friday) evening, at 7 o'clock.
GEO. SAVAGE,
President.
nov 17—1t

PLAYING CARDS.—I have just received, per schr. Sarah from New York, a supply of Lemuel Smith's (formerly Caleb Bartlett) playing cards of different grades, which I am authorized to sell, as agent, at the manufacturer's prices. Storekeepers and others are respectfully invited to call and examine the lot just received. Orders from the country, enclosing the cash or good city reference, will be promptly attended to. JAMES M. DORSETT.
Snuff, Tobacco, and Fancy store, Penn. avenue, No. 11 east of Gadsby's hotel.
nov 17—
(Capitol.)

GOSHEN BUTTER, BUCKWHEAT, MACKEREL, &c., &c.

40 kegs Goshen Butter
35 bbls, 30 half bbls, and 100 bags Buckwheat
16 half barrels Mackerel, Nos. 1 and 2
7 barrels and 1 tierce Salmon
15 barrels Cider
7 barrels Cranberries
30 boxes Starch
30 barrels Apples
20 boxes Variegated and Almond Soap
50 dozen Brooms
16 quintals Codfish
2 bales Hops
50 barrels New York Family Flour
Mustard, Pepper, Spices, and Roasted Coffee;
Together with a full and complete assortment of goods usually kept in the grocery business. Just received from New York, and for sale low by
nov 17—eodt SAMUEL BACON & CO.

WHEN WILL THE PUBLIC CEASE TO BE HUMBLED?—P. W. BROWNING, Merchant Tailor, in opposition to all humbuggers, most respectfully requests members of Congress and strangers visiting the city, not to purchase their clothing before calling to examine his large and superior stock of French and English Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings of the latest styles; as he is prepared to prove to them, that he is selling the same article of clothing from 20 to 25 per cent. cheaper than certain dry goods storekeepers that wish to take the trade out of the tailors' hands by holding out false pretences to the public, that they are selling suits of clothes from \$10 to \$30 cheaper than they can be purchased elsewhere. I want to know how it is possible for any set of men that have no practical knowledge of the business, to sell clothes cheaper than practical tailors—men that know no more about making coats than they know about laying brick—notwithstanding all their arrangements with the celebrated tailors to cut and make their clothes, and their great facilities for buying goods, unless they have a facility for buying without paying for them? I am determined to undersell them, and not to sacrifice my trade to such an avicious set of men until the last dollar is gone! All I ask is for you to call and examine for yourselves.
A SHORT LIST OF PRICES.
Dress coats, good wool-dyed black, \$15
Do do super 18
Do do a beautiful article, French or English, 20
Beautiful Cloth Cloaks, 20
The above goods will be found ready made, or, if preferred, he will make to order at the same prices every article, in proportion with the above prices, to complete a gentleman's wardrobe.
Between 3d and 4th streets, Granite row.

ROOMS TO RENT.—Six furnished Chambers and one Parlor over my store.
nov 17—1eotf

OPAL.—The Opal for 1844; A pure Gift for the Holidays. Edited by N. P. Willis. List of embellishments: Christ Walking on the Sea, Ruth and Naomi, Dream of the Consumptive, Christ by the Well of Sychar, The Will, The Daughter of Jairus, The Deserted Wife, The Emigrant's Sabbath Morning. Nine illustrations, by J. G. Chapman. Just received and for sale by
R. FARNHAM
nov 11 corner of 11th st. and Penn. av.

AMUSEMENTS.

FAREWELL CONCERT.—Mr. W. V. WALLACE begs to announce that, at the desire of many amateurs, he will give a Concert on THIS (Friday) evening, November 17, which will be the last, assisted by Mrs. BAILEY, at Carusi's saloon. Signor DAUNAS will preside at the piano forte. By desire, Mr. WALLACE will repeat his variations on the Cracovienne for the piano, and the "Non piu mesto" for the violin, composed by Paganini for one string.

Tickets, 50 cents each, to be had at Mr. Fischer's Stationers' Hall, Mr. Patterson's drug store, corner of 9th street and Pennsylvania avenue, and at Gadsby's Hotel.

Concert to commence at half-past seven o'clock.
nov 15—3t

NATIONAL THEATRE—WASHINGTON.

His Excellency the President of the United States and suite, Hon. Richard M. Johnson, his Honor the Mayor, and Robert Tyler, Esq., and family, will honor the Theatre with their presence this evening.

THE Manager for the VIRGINIA MINSTRELS, finding Apollo Hall inadequate for their exhibition, has taken the THEATRE, and on to-night will be produced a variety of entertainments.

Mr. JENKINS will give delineations of Irish, Dutch, and other characters, and will also sing some of the celebrated "Russell's" most popular songs.

In the course of the evening, Mr. SANFORD will introduce some of his original dances, accompanied on that old Congo fiddle by the inimitable Paganini, Mr. D. MYERS.

The company will on to-night vary their performances entirely, and introduce several songs and dances never before produced.

Box and parquette reserved for ladies accompanied by gentlemen.

Mr. JENKINS.....Banjo
Mr. J. SANFORD.....Congo Tambour
Mr. JOHNSON.....Congo Castanets
Mr. D. MYERS, (the far-famed
Ethiopian Paganini,).....Fiddle
The public are respectfully informed that the INSTRUMENTS the Virginia Minstrels perform upon are original, and perfectly in character with the ancient JUBA MINSTRELS. No portion of this exhibition will offend the most delicate and conscientious.

To conclude with the Camerascopo for exhibiting Dioramic Paintings; the Hydro-oxygen Microscop; together with the Drummond Light, as represented in New York by the celebrated Dr. Lardner.

Tickets 25 cents—children half price.

Doors open at 7 o'clock—exhibition commences at 7 1/2 o'clock.

An efficient police will be in attendance to preserve order.
nov 16

FOR RENT.—I will rent upon very moderate terms the brick house which I have nearly completed on the corner of 6th street and Louisiana Avenue. It contains nine rooms, including garrets, with a kitchen. There is also a store in front, with a cellar beneath. The store is arranged so as to be made into two apartments by a partition, thus making two excellent stores for persons doing a small business, or the whole make an excellent grocery or confectionary. The store will be rented separate from, or together with the dwelling. Possession given in two or three weeks.
S. DREW,
nov 10—1w or G. & T. Parker, op. Cen. Market.

KEEP YOUR FEET DRY.—Cork Sole Boots, of my own make, cheap for cash, and no humbug; to my numerous customers and the public generally, I invite them to call and examine my new style of Cork Sole Boots, which for neatness and durability, I challenge this or any other city to equal them, and for the low price of \$7. Also, Ladies and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes of every description of my own make, extremely low for cash. As I sell no work but my own make, all those who purchase from me may depend on getting the worth of their money. Don't forget the store right on the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and 10th street.
nov 14—eodt JOHN MILLS.
(Intel and Capitol)

SPLENDID AND CHEAP MUFFS AT O. FISH & CO.'S.—We respectfully invite the attention of the ladies to our extensive and varied assortment of Muffs, Fur Trimmings, &c.

These goods having been selected early in the season by our resident partner in N. York, we feel confident that they were purchased on the most advantageous terms, and we will sell at very small profits for cash.

Our assortment being probably the largest of any south of New York, we feel confident in our ability to suit the taste and means of all. We solicit a call after examining the market well, and we will demonstrate the fact that bargains can be made with us.
O. FISH & CO.
nov 13—eodt 1st and 2d doors from Brown's Hotel.

TO CABINETMAKERS.—The subscribers call the attention of cabinetmakers to a great variety of half-inch stuff which they have on hand, and which will be sold very low for cash, if early application be made. Also, landing, a lot of excellent white and yellow pine plank, which, if taken off the wharf before piling, will be sold lower than any ever before offered. Such bargains in lumber are rare—but the subscribers are determined to sell low for ready money. Call at the new wood, coal, and lumber yard of JOHN PETTIBONE & CO.
On hand, 400 tons of the "Butler Coal," which will be delivered to any part of the city or Georgetown for \$5.50 per ton.
J. P. & CO.
nov 13—3t

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.—The subscriber has opened a Hotel on C street, between Fourth and a-half and Sixth streets, immediately in the rear of Gadsby's Hotel. He will take boarders by the year, week, or day, and furnish meals to transient visitors at any hour of the day or night.

He has connected with his establishment a Reading Room, to which he invites citizens as well as strangers.

His porter (formerly Brown's) will attend to baggage to and from the Railroad, and every effort will be made to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with their company.
nov 8—3awtf THOMPSON TYLER.

NATIONAL LIVERY STABLE.—Walker & Kimmell respectfully announce that they have opened the spacious and commodious brick stable lately erected by them on C street. Their new stable has excellent and superior accommodations for upwards of one hundred horses. They have ample room for forty carriages. The new stable and carriage-houses are situated within one hundred yards of Gadsby's, Brown's, and Tyler's hotels. The Exchange Hotel (conducted by Thompson Tyler) is immediately opposite the National Livery Stables. The advertisers intend to keep every kind of vehicle; such as coaches, barouches, buggy wagons, &c., which may be had at the shortest notice for hire, by the month, week, day, or hour. Saddle horses also hired in the same manner. Horses will be taken at livery on terms as reasonable as any other establishment. Members of Congress, and other gentlemen, bringing their horses and carriages to the city, can be accommodated with excellent stabling, good coach-houses, and attentive hostlers. Horse-drover's visiting the city will at all times be safely accommodated, and on reasonable terms.
WALKER & KIMMELL.
nov 15—eodt